- (2) By systematic investigation of each probable combination of weight and center of gravity, if compliance cannot be reasonably inferred from combinations investigated.
 - (b) [Reserved]
- (c) The controllability, stability, trim, and stalling characteristics of the airplane must be shown for each altitude up to the maximum expected in operation.
- (d) Parameters critical for the test being conducted, such as weight, loading (center of gravity and inertia), airspeed, power, and wind, must be maintained within acceptable tolerances of the critical values during flight testing.
- (e) If compliance with the flight characteristics requirements is dependent upon a stability augmentation system or upon any other automatic or power-operated system, compliance must be shown with §§ 25.671 and 25.672.
- (f) In meeting the requirements of §§ 25.105(d), 25.125, 25.233, and 25.237, the wind velocity must be measured at a height of 10 meters above the surface, or corrected for the difference between the height at which the wind velocity is measured and the 10-meter height.
- (g) The requirements of this subpart associated with icing conditions apply only if the applicant is seeking certification for flight in icing conditions.
- (1) Each requirement of this subpart, except §§ 25.121(a), 25.123(c), 25.143(b)(1) and (b)(2), 25.149, 25.201(c)(2), 25.207(c) and (d), 25.239, and 25.251(b) through (e), must be met in icing conditions. Compliance must be shown using the ice accretions defined in appendix C, assuming normal operation of the airplane and its ice protection system in accordance with the operating limitations and operating procedures established by the applicant and provided in the Airplane Flight Manual.
- (2) No changes in the load distribution limits of §25.23, the weight limits of §25.25 (except where limited by performance requirements of this subpart), and the center of gravity limits of §25.27, from those for non-icing con-

ditions, are allowed for flight in icing conditions or with ice accretion.

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§25.23 Load distribution limits.

- (a) Ranges of weights and centers of gravity within which the airplane may be safely operated must be established. If a weight and center of gravity combination is allowable only within certain load distribution limits (such as spanwise) that could be inadvertently exceeded, these limits and the corresponding weight and center of gravity combinations must be established.
- (b) The load distribution limits may not exceed—
 - The selected limits;
- (2) The limits at which the structure is proven; or
- (3) The limits at which compliance with each applicable flight requirement of this subpart is shown.

§ 25.25 Weight limits.

- (a) Maximum weights. Maximum weights corresponding to the airplane operating conditions (such as ramp, ground or water taxi, takeoff, en route, and landing), environmental conditions (such as altitude and temperature), and loading conditions (such as zero fuel weight, center of gravity position and weight distribution) must be established so that they are not more than—
- (1) The highest weight selected by the applicant for the particular conditions; or
- (2) The highest weight at which compliance with each applicable structural loading and flight requirement is shown, except that for airplanes equipped with standby power rocket engines the maximum weight must not be more than the highest weight established in accordance with appendix E of this part; or
- (3) The highest weight at which compliance is shown with the certification requirements of Part 36 of this chapter.
- (b) Minimum weight. The minimum weight (the lowest weight at which compliance with each applicable requirement of this part is shown) must